

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 23-Jun-2009

Revision Date 18-Oct-2023

Revision Number 11

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

| 1.1. Product identifier | |
|--|--|
| Product Description: Cat No. : Molecular Formula | <u>Sulfuric acid (Gerber Test)</u> S/9360/PB17; S/9360/PB15 H2 O4 S |
| Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) | NA7Q-G6R2-WX0E-SQYR |
| 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the | substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Recommended Use Uses advised against | Laboratory chemicals. No Information available |
| 1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa | fety data sheet |
| Company | |
| | UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom |
| | EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a 2440 Geel, Belgium |
| E-mail address | begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com |
| 1.4. Emergency telephone number | Tel: 01509 231166 Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887 |
| Poison Centre - Emergency information services | Ireland : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) - 01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week) Malta : +356 2395 2000 Cyprus : +357 2240 5611 |

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

| Component | CAS No | EC No | Weight % | CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------|---|
| Sulfuric acid | 7664-93-9 | 231-639-5 | 90 | Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) |
| Water | 7732-18-5 | 231-791-2 | 10 | - |

| Component | Specific concentration limits (SCL's) | M-Factor | Component notes |
|---------------|--|----------|-----------------|
| Sulfuric acid | Skin Corr. 1A :: C>=15% Eye Irrit. 2 :: 5%<=C<15% Skin Irrit. 2 :: 5%<=C<15% | _ | - |

| Components | Reach Registration Number | |
|---------------|---------------------------|--|
| Sulfuric acid | 01-2119458838-20 | |

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| General Advice | Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Eye Contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required. |
| Skin Contact | Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately. |
| Ingestion | Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately. |
| Inhalation | If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately. |
| Self-Protection of the First Aider | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. |
| 4.2. Most important symptoms and | effects, both acute and delayed |
| | Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation |
| 4.3. Indication of any immediate me | dical attention and special treatment needed |
| | - · · · · · · |

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Substance is nonflammable; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire. CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons Water.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Hydrogen, Sulfur oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 8B Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Sulfuric acid (Gerber Test)

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

| Component | The United Kingdom | European Union | Ireland |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Sulfuric acid | STEL: 0.15 mg/m ³ 15 min | TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ (8h) | TWA: 0.05 ppm 8 hr. |
| | TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hr | | STEL: 0.15 ppm 15 min |

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

| Component | Acute effects local (Inhalation) | Acute effects systemic (Inhalation) | Chronic effects local (Inhalation) | Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Sulfuric acid 7664-93-9 (90) | DNEL = 0.1mg/m ³ | | DNEL = 0.05mg/m ³ | |

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

| Component | Fresh water | Fresh water sediment | Water Intermittent | Microorganisms in sewage treatment | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Sulfuric acid 7664-93-9 (90) | PNEC = 0.0025mg/L | PNEC = 0.002mg/kg | | PNEC = 8.8mg/L | |
| 7004-35-8 (80) | 0.0025mg/L | sediment dw | | | |

| Component | Marine water | Marine water sediment | Marine water intermittent | Food chain | Air |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|-----|
| Sulfuric acid 7664-93-9 (90) | PNEC = 0.00025mg/L | PNEC = 0.002mg/kg sediment dw | | | |

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment Eye Protection

Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

| Glove material | Breakthrough time | Glove thickness | EU standard | Glove comments |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Butyl rubber | > = 120 minutes | 0.5 mm | EN 374 | (minimum requirement) |
| Viton (R) | > 480 minutes | 0.4 mm | | |

Sulfuric acid (Gerber Test)

Revision Date 18-Oct-2023

Skin and body protection

Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

| Respiratory Protection | When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly |
|----------------------------|---|
| Large scale/emergency use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387 |
| Small scale/Laboratory use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted |

Environmental exposure controls No i

sure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical State | Liquid | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Appearance | Colorless | |
| Odor | Odorless | |
| Odor Threshold | No data available | |
| Melting Point/Range | -5 °C / 23 °F | |
| Softening Point | No data available | |
| Boiling Point/Range | 260 °C / 500 °F | |
| Flammability (liquid) | No data available | |
| Flammability (solid,gas) | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Explosion Limits | No data available | |
| Flash Point | No information available | Method - No information available |
| Autoignition Temperature | No data available | |
| Decomposition Temperature | 340 °C | |
| pH | 1 | 1N aq.sol |
| Viscosity | 21mPa.s @ 25 °C | |
| Water Solubility | Miscible | |
| Solubility in other solvents | No information available | |
| Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat | er) | |
| Vapor Pressure | 1 mmHg @ 146 °C | |
| Density / Specific Gravity | 1.815 | |
| Bulk Density | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Vapor Density | No data available | (Air = 1.0) |
| Particle characteristics | Not applicable (liquid) | |

9.2. Other information

Sulfuric acid (Gerber Test)

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight H2 O4 S 98.07

| SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| 10.1. Reactivity | Yes | | | |
| 10.2. Chemical stability | Water reactive. Hygroscopic. | | | |
| 10.3. Possibility of hazardous react | ions | | | |
| Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. None under normal processing. | | | |
| 10.4. Conditions to avoid | Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to moist air or water. | | | |
| 10.5. Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. Combustible material. Bases. Organic materials. Reducing Agent. Finely powdered metals. Peroxides. | | | |

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen. Sulfur oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

 Oral
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

 Dermal
 No data available

 Inhalation
 No data available

Toxicology data for the components

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|---------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Sulfuric acid | 2140 mg/kg (Rat) | - | LC50 = 0.375 mg/L (Rat)4 h |
| Water | - | - | - |

| (b) skin corrosion/irritation; | Category 1 A |
|---|--|
| (c) serious eye damage/irritation; | Category 1 |
| (d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin | No data available No data available |
| (e) germ cell mutagenicity; | No data available |

Sulfuric acid (Gerber Test)

(f) carcinogenicity;

No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

| Component | EU | UK | Germany | IARC |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Sulfuric acid | | | | Group 1 |
| | | | | |
| (g) reproductive toxicity; | No data available |) | | |
| | | | | |
| (h) STOT-single exposure; | No data available | 9 | | |
| | | | | |
| (i) STOT-repeated exposure; | No data available |) | | |
| Torrect Organo | No information of | veileble | | |
| Target Organs | No information av | | | |
| (i) aspiration hazard; | Based on availab | le data, the classificatior | n criteria are not met | |
| | | | | |
| Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed | Possible perforat | ion of stomach or esopha | astric lavage or emesis is a agus should be investigate licate tissue and danger of | ed. Ingestion causes |
| | | | | |

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. .

| Component | Freshwater Fish | Water Flea | Freshwater Algae |
|---------------|---|-------------------|------------------|
| Sulfuric acid | LC50: > 500 mg/L, 96h static (Brachydanio rerio) | EC50: 29 mg/L/24h | - |

| Component | Microtox | M-Factor |
|---------------|----------|----------|
| Sulfuric acid | - | |

| <u>12.2. Persistence and degradability</u> Persistence | Miscible with water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. |
|---|--|
| 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential | Bioaccumulation is unlikely |
| <u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u> | The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils |
| <u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> assessment | No data available for assessment. |
| 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties | |

Sulfuric acid (Gerber Test)

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

| 12.7. Other adverse effects | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Persistent Organic Pollutant | This product does not contain any known or suspected substance |
| Ozone Depletion Potential | This product does not contain any known or suspected substance |

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

| Waste from Residues/Unused Products | Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. |
|--|---|
| Contaminated Packaging | Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. |
| European Waste Catalogue (EWC) | According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. |
| Other Information | Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized before discharge. |

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

| <u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u> | UN1830 Sulphuric acid 8 II |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| <u>ADR</u> 14.1. UN number | UN1830 |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name14.3. Transport hazard class(es)14.4. Packing group | Sulphuric acid 8 II |
| ΙΑΤΑ | |

| <u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u> | UN1830 Sulphuric acid 8 II | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 14.5. Environmental hazards | No hazards identified | | | |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | No special precautions required. | | | |
| 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | Not applicable, packaged goods | | | |

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture_

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

| Component | CAS No | EINECS | ELINCS | NLP | IECSC | TCSI | KECL | ENCS | ISHL |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----|-------|------|----------|------|------|
| Sulfuric acid | 7664-93-9 | 231-639-5 | - | - | Х | Х | KE-32570 | Х | Х |
| Water | 7732-18-5 | 231-791-2 | - | - | Х | Х | KE-35400 | Х | - |

| Component | CAS No | TSCA | TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive | DSL | NDSL | AICS | NZIoC | PICCS |
|---------------|-----------|------|---|-----|------|------|-------|-------|
| Sulfuric acid | 7664-93-9 | Х | ACTIVE | Х | - | Х | Х | Х |
| Water | 7732-18-5 | Х | ACTIVE | Х | - | Х | Х | Х |

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

| Component | CAS No | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances | REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) |
|---------------|-----------|---|--|---|
| Sulfuric acid | 7664-93-9 | - | Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details) | - |
| Water | 7732-18-5 | - | - | - |

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

| Component | CAS No | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements |
|---------------|-----------|---|--|
| Sulfuric acid | 7664-93-9 | Not applicable | Not applicable |
| Water | 7732-18-5 | Not applicable | Not applicable |

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

Sulfuric acid (Gerber Test)

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

| Component | Germany - Water Classification (AwSV) | Germany - TA-Luft Class |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Sulfuric acid | WGK1 | |

| Component | Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81) | Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC) | Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure |
|--------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Sulfuric acid 7664-93-9(90) | Prohibited and Restricted Substances | | |

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

Legend

| Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances Substances/Eu S PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances Substances List EICSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Substances List EICS - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit TWA - Time Weighted Average ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists TWA - Time Weighted Average IACS - Lethal Concentration 50% Feffect Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic VPWB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MIMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code ICAO/IATA - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships AEF - Bioconcentration for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration for the Concentration factor VoC - (Volatile Organic Compound) Key literature references and sources for data VoC - (Volatile Organic Compound) | CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service | TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory |
|---|---|--|
| PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances NECS - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level TWA - Time Weighted Average RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer LCS0 - Lethal Concentration 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration (PNEC) NDEC - No Observed Effect Concentration POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound) VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound) | EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical | |
| IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit TWA - Time Weighted Average ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IACC - International Agency for Research on Cancer PNEL - Derived No Effect Level IACS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LD50 - Lethal Concentration 50% LCS0 - Lethal Concentration 50% EC50 - Effect Level PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Dragnerous Goods Code Occoperation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration for Economic Co-operation and Development MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound) | | |
| KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical SubstancesNZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of ChemicalsWEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment | | |
| WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative | , , | |
| ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative | RECL - Rorean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances | NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals |
| DNEL - Derived No Effect LevelPredicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)RPE - Respiratory Protective EquipmentLD50 - Lethal Dose 50%LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%NOEC - No Observed Effect ConcentrationPOW - Partition coefficient Octanol:WaterPBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, ToxicPVB - very Persistent, very BioaccumulativeADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by RoadICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport AssociationIMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods CodeMARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from ShipsOECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factorATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicalsVoC - (Volatile Organic Compound) | WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit | TWA - Time Weighted Average |
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| https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals | | |
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| | Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, R | TECS |

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]: Physical hazards On basis of test data

Sulfuric acid (Gerber Test)

Health Hazards Environmental hazards Calculation method Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers. Chemical incident response training.

| Creation Date | 23-Jun-2009 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| Revision Date | 18-Oct-2023 |
| Revision Summary | Not applicable. |

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet